



FOR PRESIDENT:
Winfield Scott Hancock, of Penna.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
William H. English, of Indiana.

TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 10.

California will have over a million bushels of wheat for export, which will not be very gratifying intelligence to the farmers of other States, who see therein a depression in prices.

Unless all signs fail, and with fair weather, the democratic demonstration in this city on Thursday night bids fair to surpass anything of the kind since the good "old days" before the war.

The very soil of our State is daily refuting the baseless assertions of the repudiators by its bountiful yield, for where but one ear of corn is sown on the soil, two or three full ears of corn now appear. Even Nature seems anxious to save the credit of the "old mother."

The meeting on Saturday night has had a most exhilarating effect upon everybody but the "seventeen and a half," who seem depressed, and can't see where the fun comes in. On election day their eyes will be opened and they will then understand the whys and wherefores.

If the English people are anything like their ancestors the agrarians of Ireland could not have adopted a policy more antagonistic to their own interests than that of which was the party successful attempt at the assassination of the crown solicitor for Tipperary and his two sons, near New Ross, last Sunday night. The murder of one of Mr. Ross' sons and the wounding of himself and another son by the Irish land communists will do more to retard the amelioration of the sufferings of the Irish people than all the opposition of the land owners combined.

At the republican ratification meeting in Richmond last night it was confidently predicted that the vote of Virginia would be cast for Garfield, and this prediction was founded upon the split in the democratic party created by the Mahone leaders in order that they may obtain lucrative offices. Possibly there may be a few Virginians still calling themselves democrats who will endeavor to have this prediction come true, but we have too high an opinion of the conservative voters of the State, as a whole, to suppose for an instant that anything like a sufficient number of them to accomplish that purpose will give it their support. If even no higher issue was involved their own self-interest would be sufficient to deter them from following so pernicious an example.

A sudden change has come over the spirit of the dreams of Mr. Weaver, the greenbackers' candidate for President. Previous to the recent election in Alabama, and when, owing to deceptive information, he had been led to believe that his party would receive a large vote in that State, he rightfully repudiated the idea that suffrage was not as free in the South as elsewhere in the Union; but since he has discovered that the people of Alabama are as much opposed to the party that favors the unlimited issue of irredeemable paper money as they are to radicalism, and sees in that opposition an end of all his hopes of the presidency by the vote of Mr. De La Matyr, he abandons face and joins in the radical cry of fraud and bulldozing in the South.

Mr. Cameron, who made a speech here last Saturday night and took such decided ground in favor of the forcible readjustment of the State debt that according to him that sort of readjustment was of infinitely more importance than the election of a national instead of a sectional President, is by no means consistent in his opinions on the State debt question, for when he was editor of the Petersburg Appeal, some years ago, in writing about forcible readjustment, he used the following emphatic language:

"We cannot believe that cold, or thirst, or hunger, the demoralizing influence of subjection to an inferior race, the direst experience of poverty, or the terror of death itself, could bring our noble people, renowned in the past for peculiar love of honor, to the espousal of any system, however perfect otherwise, whose symmetry was marred and disgraced by the introduction of this damning feature."

Such is his desire for the introduction of this "damning feature" now that he even wants the capitation tax removed, so that the "inferior race" may be enabled to accomplish it by their votes.

The Richmond Intelligencer, republican, is so very anxious to beat the regular democratic ticket in this State that it has adopted the policy of the Mahonites to accomplish that object, and now calls for a republican convention after the October elections in Ohio and Indiana shall have been held, and when it shall have determined on which side of the national contest are the heaviest guns, for the purpose of making some agreement by which a union of the republicans and Mahonites can be effected. From the inception of the Mahonite party until the present time there have been constant and persistent efforts by its leaders, or by those of the republicans, or by both, to secure a union of their two forces to defeat the regular conservative organization; but fortunately for the State, though unfortunately for those engaged in these attempts, they have been in the past unable to obtain a following sufficient for their purpose, and that they will be more successful now, when the democrats have a national President almost within their grasp, is impossible for the latter retain their senses. The democrats have an immense majority in Virginia. Their opponents, leaving out the negroes, in numbers amount to comparatively nothing, and to suppose that they

will allow a few office seekers to so divide them as to allow the vote of the State to be thrown to the radicals and thus endanger the election of a President who will recognize them as the equals of their fellow citizens of the North, and concede to Virginia the same rights accorded to Northern States, would be to impugn their self-respect and to deny their intelligence.

The re-appointment of Mr. Spitzer, who had been removed from the office of deputy collector for the port of Richmond for active participation in politics, with the understanding that he would withdraw the charges of the same offense he had preferred against Collector Mills, is the most remarkable instance of self-stultification that Mr. Hayes or any of his predecessors in the presidential office ever exhibited. Mr. Hayes had previously ordered his self notorious in this case, but the Mills case entitles him to the championship.

General McDonald's exposure of some of the villainies of the Grant administration is only supplemental to the Sales J. Bowen, the Black Friday, the safe burglary, and numerous other equally nefarious affairs of that administration, in which the "old man" was the chief offender. It has long been known that General Grant's order in the crooked whiskey case, "Let no guilty man escape," was intended solely for the purpose of deterring such of the offenders in those cases as contemplated securing their own safety by turning State's evidence; from the execution of that order, and that it successfully accomplished its object and thus suppressed the only means of obtaining evidence by which the prosecutions could be continued, and General McDonald's book only furnishes additional evidence to an already well established fact.

A letter received here yesterday from a gentleman in the Northern Neck of Virginia, and who is thoroughly acquainted with its people, says: "I find that there are very few Mahone readjusters in this country though there are some. Under the lead of Mr. Mayo, they attempted to get up a meeting to send delegates to the readjusters' congressional convention at Richmond last Monday, but they could only get two persons willing to commit themselves, and consequently, desisted from the attempt. There was a discussion between Croxon, our district elector and Mayo, in which the latter was completely floored, and did not reply to Croxon's second speech, though urged to do so. I do not think the Mahone ticket will get over one hundred of the conservative votes in the four counties of the lower Northern Neck."

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette, WASHINGTON, D. C., August 10, 1880.

The correspondence between Messrs. Hayes, Sherman and Arthur in relation to the latter's removal from the custom house at New York, heretofore alluded to in this correspondence, will appear in the democratic text book to be issued about the 15th instant. In his letter to the Senate, giving his reasons for Arthur's removal, Mr. Hayes says he makes the removal in order that the important office Mr. Arthur filled "may be honestly and efficiently administered." And yet Mr. Hayes now urges the election of Mr. Arthur to the Vice Presidency. Judge Champitt has completed his article on the Burratt case for the North American Review. As he was restricted to fifteen pages of that review, his paper will not be as complete as he could have made it, but nevertheless it will contain many new points and revive many that have been almost forgotten.

The B'nai B'rith shows that Mr. Hayes has given office to sixty-four men, with salaries amounting to \$23,495, without fees, as pay for the part they took in stealing him the vote of the one State of Louisiana, and in that number are included the visiting statesmen engaged in that swindle, and who for their part of the work receive salaries amounting to \$87,000.

Joseph Gregory was appointed governor of the 2nd district of Virginia to-day.

J. H. Jones was appointed postmaster at Boydton, Mecklenburg Co., Va., to-day, vice Mrs. Mary E. Jones, deceased.

Mr. Hayes, accompanied by General Sherman and McCook, left here this morning to attend the soldiers' reunion at Columbus, Ohio. The army is now ordered to leave here for the inspection of the army regulations, as ordered by Col. Roberts, late of the Confederacy, having received for ten days, General Axtell, one of its members, has been returned to his command of the Department of the South, thus relieving General Hancock, who was temporarily in command of that department.

Messrs. Durnell and L. have are the only members of the U. S. House of Representatives known to be in the city.

The political news here to-day is to the following effect: The democratic congressional campaign committee and the national executive committee, though not so loud mouthed in reference to their efforts in the preliminary elections to be held in Maine, Indiana and Ohio as the republican committees, are by no means less energetic. They have these States thoroughly disarranged, are flooding them with all sorts of campaign documents, and will have their thoroughly canvassed by the most efficient popular speakers. All the intelligence received from Maine is to the effect that the union of the greenbackers and democrats that the democrats will gain at least three congressmen and the electoral vote of the State. In Indiana Mr. De La Matyr has been re-nominated for Congress by a convention composed of only eight members. A regular democrat has been nominated in his district, as also in the other greenback districts in that State, and both, it is said by reliable gentlemen from Indiana now here, will be elected by handsome majorities, and there are parties here who snap at all bets that the State will not go democratic. So far as Ohio is concerned both Congressmen Lefevre and ex-Congressman Saylor say they never before were so certain that it would give a democratic majority, and they can't understand how the impression got abroad that the East and that Ohio was bound to go republican. A letter received here this morning from Judge Phelps, who represents the 2nd Congressional district in Congress, says he will be re-nominated and re-elected without difficulty, and that his State is just as certain to go for Hancock. A gentleman connected with the Navy, who has just returned here from quite an extended trip in Pennsylvania, says that though the republican politicians there assume a confident air with respect to that State, the election of Col. Furney and numerous other influential Pennsylvania republicans has really alarmed them, and that outside of partisan circles the prevailing impression is that Hancock will carry that State too.

The State Department has commenced a formal correspondence with the Spanish government with reference to the asserted seizure of American men-of-war by Spanish war vessels. As the Powhatan left the Cuban coast without investigating the case of the Baltimore vessel, the Vandalia, now bound to that coast,

will enquire into the case.

It is the impression of some engineers that the Washington monument here, work on which has been recommenced, will never be completed by reason of its substantial foundation, and one of them remarked this morning in rather unprofessional language, that "when a little more weight was on her she would be in a split."

It is understood that the officers of the Virginia Midland railroad will inspect the new connecting link in their line between Rapidan and Charlottesville as early as possible, and that trains will probably commence running over it regularly on or about the 1st of September.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

They are having a "peach glut" in Baltimore. Yesterday 25,000 packages were received there.

In several southern States rain and worms have damaged the cotton crop, but, as the whole, the August report is favorable.

Senator Conkling and Gen. B. F. Butler, held a conference at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York, yesterday.

Negotiations are on foot to make Clearmont the joint stockholder for the Pennsylvania and Baltimore and Ohio railroads near Baltimore.

The will of the late H. Clay Miller, of Baltimore, leaves direct bequests to the value of \$360,000.

Thirty thousand dollars have been spent to get the bodies of the victims of the Hudson tunnel disaster, and the work has got to be done over again.

The shipment of produce east from Chicago last week was increased by 10,000 tons over the transportation for the previous week, making a total of 35,008 tons.

Negotiations between the Canadian ministers and English capitalists for the construction of the Pacific railroad are said to be progressing satisfactorily.

It is stated that General Schenck cannot live long. He is feeble health, being ill with Bright's disease, and is 71 years of age. Gen. Schenck is now in Vermont.

For the fifth or sixth time the Paraguayans and Chileans have rejected the overtures made by representatives of this government for a settlement of their difficulties by arbitration.

An agrarian outrage is reported in Ireland. The crown collector, County Tipperary and his two sons were fired on. The collector will die and one of his sons is dead. Six arrests have been made.

Another excursion boat carrying a large load of passengers went down in Long Island Sound on Sunday morning, but fortunately in such short time that no lives were lost.

A mob, supposed to be Tennesseeans, broke into a jail at Athens, Ala., Saturday night, took therefrom a white man named Bailey, who had murdered his wife in May, 1879, and hanged him to a tree in the court house yard.

It is estimated that the total number of letters of all classes passing through the mails for the first year which ended June 30, 1880, was 866,593,592; postal cards, 276,416,716; newspapers, 695,175,624; and 35,472,276; miscellaneous printed matter, 309,849,480; and articles of merchandise, 23,634,456.

All the demurrers in the case of John H. Burke against James C. Wood and others, now on trial in San Francisco, have been decided against the defendants, and the case now rests entirely on questions of fact. The plaintiff seeks to recover \$10,429,000 of Consolidated Virginia stock alleged to have been repaid by defendant.

At Newbern, N. C., on Saturday, Miss Lizzie Hill was arrested on the charge of having murdered John Lawrence, a young man of Edcombe county, in 1875. The affair is shrouded in mystery, but it was understood that Lawrence was engaged to her, when, for some reason, she fired on him, and it is alleged, she got him out of the way.

The rainfall in all parts of North Carolina within the past ten days has been heavy. The swollen streams have taken away bridges and fences, and have done vast damage to the crops. The Cape Fear river rose thirty-two feet, and its fertile lands, with their luxurious crops, are submerged. The people are still hopeful, as the general prospect for all crops is better than for twenty years. The fine weather through out the whole spring enabled the farmers to have their crops in good condition for the rains. The cotton crop is the best grown in the State since the war.

THE MILES OF TURTLES.—Captain J. B. Rodgers, owner of the schooner J. R. Andrews, that left Larkin's slip on the 20th instant for Calcutta, encountered a small off-shore on the 21st, in which the vessel lost her jib and broke the centre board. The vessel seemed to extend in a circle of about five miles and was very severe. Vessels a few miles away were entirely out of reach of the wind that was picking the sea into a tremendous fury. For one half hour the schooner was in considerable danger, but good seamanship and cool judgment carried her through safely with only the damage mentioned. On the Tuesday following, when between Sardinia and Calcutta, the vessel again encountered bad weather. The sea became very choppy and a blow was imminent, when the schooner suddenly entered a field of green turtles, some of them being as large as an ordinary sized round table. Strange to say, they were all on their backs. The schooner was lying on an on, and from observation it was estimated that the water covered by these turtles formed an area of eight miles in width and ten miles in length. They were of all sizes and not one being seen in a natural position. The water was literally covered with them. During the passage among the turtles Spanish mackerel were jumping high in the air in every direction, as if determined to escape from the sea, giving evidence that either the water underneath was in a dreadful commotion or sea monsters had come down on them. The sea was so choppy that the schooner was anxious to have mackerel men explain the cause of phenomena of the turtles on their backs and the excitement among the mackerel. During his nautical career he never saw anything similar to it, nor did he ever before lay eyes on so many Spanish mackerel. The storm that appeared imminent did not come and fair weather and a good sea presented themselves after the vessel passed through the field of turtles. *Galveston News.*

THE FASTING MANIA REGUM.

A report from Botetourt county, Va., states that Richard McKnight, a large, corpulent man, who had become a confirmed hypochondriac, some time since refused to take any nourishment, and died after maintaining a fast for sixty days. Captain W. A. Lackey is authority for the report, and believes from the knowledge obtained during his attendance upon the man, that he was not eating and that he did actually abstain from all nourishment during the period of sixty days.

Minnie Seabach, a German girl, aged twenty, living in Waterloo, is said to have actually been lying in bed for forty-four days without nourishment. She has been an invalid for three years with a hysterical nervous affection, which at times would cause her limbs to be cramped so that she could not move. She now lies in a semi-conscious condition, having lost all power of the muscles, and has not spoken a word for two weeks. Her parents assert that she has not taken a particle of food to stay on her stomach for forty-four days, and for several days she has not drunk any water. She is constantly growing weaker, and cannot survive much longer.

The North Carolina papers claim that G. W. Thompson, of Watauga county, in that State, fasted for forty-five days. He became insane in the end, and on the sixth day of his fast, he said the Lord had commanded him to abstain from eating for a certain length of time, and no persuasion could induce him to eat a morsel of food, but he drank water freely all the time. After the first few days he grew weaker, and before he became a perfect skeleton. He lived with his mother and two sisters, and they, with numerous other persons, are prepared to substantiate the fact.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The chief editor of Tribune, a satirical paper, has been expelled from France.

Five hundred officers and men of the Royal Marines left Portsmouth yesterday for Ireland.

During the week ended 7th instant 43 deaths occurred in Liverpool from yellow fever and 3 from small pox.

Sir Peter George Fitzgibbon, commonly known as the Knight of Kerry, died at Valencia on Saturday last.

Juan Eugenio Martinez Baez, the Spanish dramatic author, died in Madrid yesterday, at the age of 74.

The French squadron at Pinarum has been suddenly ordered to leave Greek waters. The destination of the fleet is reported to be Tunis.

A boy, the expected heir to the Spanish throne, will be called the "Prince of Asturias," and if a girl, the "Infanta of Spain."

Bismarck is said to be trying to create a misunderstanding between England and Austria regarding riparian rights on the Danube.

In India the withdrawal of English troops from Afghanistan is regarded as a grave border. Further fighting is reported near Candahar.

Prince Alexander, of Bulgaria, has refused to sanction the law upon the national Bulgarian army because it provides that the commander in chief shall be elective.

Negotiations are said to be proceeding between Bulgaria and Serbia in order to arrive at a mutual understanding in regard to offensive and defensive operations in view of eventual contingencies.

The total value of British exports for the month of July was £20,757,979 against £16,611,122 for the same month last year, and the total value of imports for July £33,552,695 against £30,186,072 for the same month last year.

The Spanish liberals are much annoyed at the impunity granted by the government to the Carlists and Ultra-carlists lately. Their press in Madrid and in the provincial towns openly proclaim Carlist views and publish the "pretender's" letters. In the provincial elections for members of the Councils General, for the first time in thirty years Carlist candidates are canvassing.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

It is understood that the merchants of Petersburg, Richmond, Norfolk, and other places in the State will contest the decision recently made by the State Auditor to the effect that residents as well as non-resident merchants are liable to a specific tax for selling goods by sample.

A colored mass meeting was held in Richmond last night, and the nominations of Garfield and Arthur were ratified. The meeting was addressed by several republicans, who expressed the opinion that their ticket would be elected.

The annual meeting of the national board of steam navigation will take place at Norfolk, September 1. It is proposed to take steps towards an entire remodeling of the steamboat laws, and of the rules governing pilots, fog signals, &c.

Charles Clement, who resided near Mount Zion, Campbell county, was accidentally killed Friday afternoon. He, with a party, had cut a tree, and just as he was about to cut another, was struck by a limb of the falling tree and instantly killed.

A HORRIBLE CRIME.—The family of Z. J. Thoson, living about a mile from Shutesbury Centre, Mass., were alarmed about eight o'clock Sunday night by the sudden appearance of Jarvis Nelson Phelps, a young man of 24, a son of their nearest neighbor, who was fleeing from several wretches in the chest. He declared that he had shot himself, and had put a few minutes to rest, and that he had left the dead body of Sallie A. Grover, his former mistress, and the mother of a three year old child, in the woods a short distance away. An alarm was immediately given, and a search proved Phelps' story to be true. Phelps, who has a wife living, formerly lived with the Grovers and had married for bigamy and sent to Grover jail for a year. His sentence was completed about a year ago, since which he has been endeavoring to get her to live with him again. Her continued refusal and association with other men is supposed to have incited him to commit the crime. He says he fired four chambers of his revolver into the woman's heart, then calmly reloading and discharged the seven barrels into his own heart. An autopsy confirms this story substantially. Phelps is still living, but the doctors say he cannot recover. His victim is the daughter of A. J. Grover, a respectable farmer of Tunner's Falls.

THERE is a colored man named Aaron Barr living near Rocky Run, N. C., giving exhibitions of a very peculiar character for the benefit of a religious denomination in that vicinity. It is said Aaron is in possession of a spirit lamp and blow pipe, with which he nightly entertains his congregation by holding the left arm over the lighted lamp, and with the pipe blows the breeze upon the flame until the blaze burns a cavity through the flesh, bone and muscles, and then, drawing through the opening, a thorn made from deer skin, he attaches it to a leg or rather and swings himself to and fro, singing the while a song, "Rock Me to Sleep Mother." After having sung several verses, he detaches himself, and, falling to the floor, turns a somersault and then passes around the hat.

NEW CAPE LIGHT LIGHTHOUSE.—The new lighthouse in course of erection at Cape Henry will, when completed, be six stories, with a height of one hundred and fifty feet. The base will be of solid concrete, and will be built under the direct supervision of a United States engineer. The lighthouse proper will be of iron, with a diameter of thirty-six feet at the base and twenty-four feet at the top. The contract for the iron work was awarded to Messrs. Morris, Tucker & Co., of Philadelphia, and they have completed nearly all of the castings, which will be placed in position as soon as practicable. The house has already been completed to the second story. It will stand some distance from the old stone lighthouse, which was built about 10 years since, and is no longer in use. The cost of the new house will be \$100,000, and the light displayed will be a fixed white one from a first order lens.

On Saturday a man of a clerical appearance, under the effects of liquor, was twice taken in charge by the police of Wilmington, Delaware, and released on partially sobering up. After his second release he visited several drinking saloons, but Father Myers had the man carried to, and subsequently sent the crying brother to his destination in Virginia.

COUGH.—"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are used with advantage to alleviate COUGHS, SORE THROAT, BRONCHITIS and BRONCHIAL AFFECTIONS. For thirty years these Troches have been in use, with uniformly increasing favor. They are not new and untried, but, having been tested by wide and constant use for nearly an entire generation, they have attained well merited rank among the few reliable remedies of the age. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are sold directly on the organs of the voice. They have an extraordinary effect in all disorders of the Throat and Larynx, restoring a healthy tone when relaxed, either from cold or over exertion, and produce a clear and distinct enunciation. Speakers and singers find the Troches useful.

A COUGH, COLD, CATARRH or SORE THROAT requires immediate attention, as neglect of trifling results in some incurable Lung Disease. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" will almost invariably give relief. Imitations may offer for sale, many of which are injurious. The genuine "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are sold only in boxes.

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Two Children Drowned.—The children of J. Barton, a girl of eight and a boy of six years, living at Kauge, Grand Lake, were drowned by falling from a wharf from which they were fishing yesterday.

Blown Up.—The correspondent of the Telegraph at Scutari says the Albanian league constructed a mine under the Greek consulate at Priarand, which was blown up.

Suicide by Starvation.—A mechanic, aged 23 years, who had been condemned to four years' imprisonment at Cuenao, Italy, starved himself to death in 30 days.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPH NEWS

Extensive Fire.

New York, Aug. 10.—This morning about 7 o'clock the hull of the burning vessel Nietux (burned Sunday night) still ablaze, floated against the pier occupied by the American Export Lumber Company at Hunter's Point. The premises occupied by this company occupy both sides of Newtown creek, the offices being situated on the south side of the creek, while the lumber yard is situated on the north side. At the time the Nietux came in contact with the pier they were unloading there a large number of vessels. The fire immediately communicated to the lumber in the yard, spreading in every direction with lightning rapidity. From the yard the fire spread to the vessels, and, notwithstanding the efforts made by several tugs which hastened to their assistance, six barges, one schooner and one ship were soon enveloped in flames. So intense is the heat from the flames that the property situated on the south side of the creek is in imminent danger. Over ten acres of fire is now raving wildly and it appears to be beyond the control of the firemen. Several of the burning vessels were towed into the river and have drifted with the tide towards Blackwell's Island enveloped in a sheet of flames. The fire is now spreading in every direction, and no estimate can be formed as to its probable extent. The scene from the river is one of indescribable grandeur, the flames rising in every direction and devouring everything in their path. It was impossible, owing to the confusion this morning, to ascertain the names of the business vessels.

Officers Shot.—CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—A special from Jacksonville, Fla., to the Tribune says that Tom Beckett, formerly a mailer of this place, shot and severely wounded two officers who attempted to arrest him yesterday afternoon. Some time since his wife separated from him on account of alleged cruel treatment. Lately he tried to get her to return to him, and when she refused, he seized and carried off their infant child, taking it to Quincy, where it died a few days later. Yesterday morning he forcibly entered the house of his mother in law in search of his wife, but failed to find her, and after exchanging pistol shots with her brother, he fled. He was found in a corn field, and began firing on the officers. A deputy sheriff was wounded in the groin and Detective Freese in the breast. Beckett was shot in the leg before he surrendered.

Political.—ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 10.—Resolutions promising the aid and hearty support of the democracy of Georgia to Hancock and English were adopted unanimously by a rising vote in the convention held to-day.

NASVILLE, TENN., Aug. 10.—The democratic gubernatorial convention assembled in the hall of the House of Representatives at noon to-day with about 1,000 delegates to nominate a candidate for Governor. Geo. Washington was elected temporary chairman by 940 votes against 233 for D. L. Snodgrass, a triumph of the State credit democracy. The convention then adjourned for an hour and a half.

War Spoils.—NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—A man was arrested yesterday in Wall street for offering for sale a \$1,000 South Carolina bond, bearing date before the war. He refused to give his name. The bond is said to have been the property of a Southern gentleman who abandoned his home at the time of Sherman's march to the sea. Among the valuables taken from his home was this one thousand dollar bond. The owner subsequently filed information of the theft of the bond with the State authorities and after the war the information was sent North.

Dr. Tanner.—NEW YORK, August 10.—Dr. Tanner's condition continues excellent. At 9 o'clock he was weighed, the scale indicating 156 pounds against 154 yesterday. For breakfast he had four ounces of beefsteak, six ounces of stewed potatoes and four of milk. At 2.30 he drank two ounces of wine, and 10.30 ate eight ounces of steak with stewed potatoes. Ten minutes later he drank eight ounces of milk and requested the same drink at noon.

The Greek Frontier.—LONDON, August 10.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily Telegraph in connection with the report that France at the suggestion of England had been intrusted with the task of drawing up a collective note reflecting on the Porte's reply to the previous note, says he hears that France will refuse to take any initiative whatever in the Greek frontier question.

Arrested.—LONDON, Aug. 10.—Eleven persons have been arrested in connection with the outrage on Mr. Thomas Boyd and his two sons, near New Ross, Sunday night, including three convicted tenants, two strangers and a woman who was seen giving a sign to the assassins by waving a handkerchief from a ditch.

Fire.—CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 10.—A special dispatch to the Leader says: The extensive rolling mill at Greenville, Pa., owned by Kimberly, Corrie & Co., of Sharon, was burned at a late hour last night. The loss is estimated at \$100,000; insurance at \$25,000. About 150 workmen are thrown out of employment.

Railroad Accident.—BERWICK-UPON-TWEED, Aug. 10.—The fast railway train running between Edinburgh and London, known as the "Flying Scotsman," has gone over the banks at Marshall Meadows, near this town. No particulars have yet been received of the accident. Physicians have gone to the scene.

Deranged Murderer.—CHICAGO, August 10.—Daniel O'Neil, who was arrested for the murder of McMahon last Friday, has become insane. He imagines that he is going to be hanged at once for the murder. He hears workmen erecting the gallows, and last night tore his clothing into shreds.

Death of an Author.—LONDON, Aug. 10.—William Henry Giles Kingston, a well-known writer of books for boys is dead. He wrote the book entitled, "Western wanderings," containing incidents of his journey through Canada and the United States.

Sudden Death.—NEW YORK, August 10.—A special from Stockbridge, Mass., says: Dudley Field, the only son of David Dudley Field, died here very suddenly at 6 o'clock this morning from, it is supposed, heart disease. He was 46 years of age.

Suicide.—ATLANTA CITY, N. J., Aug. 10.—George W. Hucker, of Philadelphia, was found dead in a pavilion at the beach this morning. It is supposed he committed suicide by taking Ludacum.

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Suicide by Starvation.—A mechanic, aged 23 years, who had been condemned to four years' imprisonment at Cuenao, Italy, starved himself to death in 30 days.

COMMERCIAL.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, AUGUST 10, 1880.—Wheat is steady at last quotations. The receipts are good, and to-day 755 bushels were offered, which sold at 100, 102, 103, 104, and 105 for Fultz, 106 for mixed, and 108, 111, 112, 114 for Lancaster, which shows an advance of 80 bushels of white Corn were sold at 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226